Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name SafeCoat® PVC

Manufacturer Quantum Technical Services Ltd. (Dba Quantum Chemical)

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Section 2. Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification:

Regulatory Status: This product contains a small amount of Titanium Dioxide which is considered possibly

hazardous in its powder form. IARC lists TiO2 powder as 2B "possibly carcinogenic to humans" when it is inhaled as dust. All TiO2 in this product is dispersed in liquid, and is not

inhalable.

This product contains a small amount of Carbon Black which is considered possibly

hazardous in its powder form. IARC lists Carbon Black powder as 2B "possibly carcinogenic to humans" when it is inhaled as dust. All Carbon Black in this product is dispersed in liquid,

and is not inhalable.

GHS Classification: Flammable Liquids Category 2

Acute Toxicity- OralCategory 5Acute Toxicity - InhalationCategory 4Skin Corrosion/IrritationCategory 3Serious Eye Damage/IrritationCategory 2A

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 (narcotic effects)

Aspiration Hazard Category 2

2.2 Label Elements:

Pictogram:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

H316 Causes mild ski irritation.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H333 May be harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention: P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response: P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

P304+P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. **P337+P313** If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. **P301+P310** IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage: P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235 Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste or reclaimer in accordance with local

and national regulations.

Section 3. Composition and Ingredient Information

Common Name	CAS No.	<u>WT%</u>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	10-30
Tert Butyl Acetate.	540-88-5	10-30
Ammonium Polyphosphate	68333-79-9	10-30
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	3-7
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Consult a physician if irritation continues.

Skin Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. If redness, swelling, pain, and/or

blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next six hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3° C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. Give nothing by mouth, do not induce vomiting.

Notes to Physician:

Most Important Symptoms/ Effects Acute and Delayed: Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and or blurred vision. Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, and/or a dried cracked appearance. Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever. Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

Immediate Medical Attention, Special Treatment Causes central nervous system depression. Call a Doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: $< 8^{\circ}$ C

Specific Hazards: Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with large quantities of water.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.

Extinguishing Media: Alcohol resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or

earth may be used for small fires only. Do not discharge extinguishing waters into the aquatic

environment.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a water jet.

Protective Equipment for

Fire Fighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Other Advice: Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Section 6.

Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions,
Protective Equipment, and
Emergency Procedures:

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Shut off leaks, if possible without personnel risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment (of product and fire-fighting water) to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

Methods and Material for Containment and Clean Up:

For small liquid spills transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

Additional Advice: Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely

to occur. Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wash

thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

section 8.

Storage: Must be stored in well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources

of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, and corrosives. The vapour

is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.

Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to an adequate level, select

suitable respiratory protection. Use a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapour

cartridge.

Eye Protection: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves, natural or butyl rubber for long term protection.

Exposure Limits for MEK: TWA (ACGIH) 200 ppm

STEL (ACGIH) 300 ppm

Exposure limits for Carbon Black and Titanium Dioxide are for respirable dust only; in our opinion these do not apply to this product where these products are fully dispersed in liquid.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid.

Odor: Strong Solvent Odor.

Specific Gravity: 1.18. Odor Threshold (ppm): 71 ppb.

Vapour Pressure (mm Hg @ 20°C): Approximately 72.

Vapour Density (Air=1): >1.

Evaporation Rate: Approximately 3.7.

Boiling Point: 79.6°C.
Flash Point: <8°C.
Solubility in Water: Not Soluble.
PH: Not available.
Freezing Point (°C): Not available.
VOC: 347 g/litre.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions of Instability: Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatibility: Keep away from peroxides, oxidizing agents, strong acids, amines.

Reactivity Conditions: Highly reactive with oxidizing agents and reducing agents. Slightly reactive to organic acids

and alkalis.

Hazardous Products of

Decomposition: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

No information for product itself.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Acute Toxicity: Acute Oral Toxicity Low Toxicity LD50>2000 <5000 mg/kg (rat)

Acute Dermal LD50>5000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Acute Inhalation LC50>5000 ppm

Irritancy: Skin Irritant

Eyes Irritant Respiratory System Irritant

Sensitizing Capability: Not a skin sensitizer.

Aspiration Hazard: Aspiration into lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can

be fatal.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not mutagenic.

Reproductive and

Developmental Toxicity: Not expected to impair fertility. Not a developmental toxicant.

Carcinogenicity: No.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity:

Single exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity:

Repeated Exposure: Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

Tert-Butyl Acetate

Acute Toxicity: Acute Inhalation 11 mg/l estimate

Exposure time 4 h.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity:

Single Exposure: Respiratory System: Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Central Nervous System: Category 3 narcotic effects

Carcinogenicity of TiO2: This information pertains to exposure to and inhalation of TiO2 dust. In our opinion it does not apply to this product which has completely dispersed the TiO2 into the liquid.

In lifetime inhalation studies, rats were exposed for 2 years to respectively 10, 50 and 250 mg/m3 of respirable TiO2. Slight lung fibrosis was observed at 50 and 250 mg/m3 levels. Microscopic lung tumours were also observed in 13 percent of the rats exposed to 250 mg/m3, an exposure level that caused lung overloading and impairment of rat lungs clearance

mechanisms.

In further studies, these tumours were found to occur only under particle overload conditions in a uniquely sensitive species, the rat, and have little or no relevance for humans. The pulmonary inflammatory response to TiO2 particles exposure was also found to be much more

severe in rats than in other rodent species.

In February 2006, IARC has re-evaluated Titanium dioxide pertaining to Group 2B: "possibly carcinogenic to humans", based upon inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide. IARC evaluation guidelines consider the generation of tumours, in 2 different studies within the same animal species, to be adequate criteria for an assessment of sufficient evidence.

The conclusions of several epidemiology studies on more than 20000 TiO2 industry workers in Europe and the USA did not suggest a carcinogenic effect of TiO2 dust on the human lung. Mortality from other chronic diseases, including other respiratory diseases, was also not associated with exposure to TiO2 dust.

Carcinogenicity of Carbon Black:

This product contains a small amount of Carbon Black which is considered possibly

hazardous in its powder form. IARC lists Carbon Black powder as 2B "possibly carcinogenic

to humans" when it is inhaled as dust. All Carbon

Black in this product is dispersed in liquid, and is not inhalable.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Acute Toxicity: Fish Practically non toxic LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Aquatic

Mobility: Dissolves in water.

Persistence/Degradability: Readily biodegradable. Oxidizes rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Bioaccumulation: Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: In accordance with municipal, provincial and federal regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information

DO NOT FREEZE.

T.D.G. Classification: Class 3, UN 1263, Packing Group 2.

Shipping Name: Paint

This product has been classified as Class 3 based on a lab test.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA: All components of this product are listed on this inventory.

DSL: All components of this product are listed on this inventory.

Section 16. Other Information

Revision Date: February 27, 2023

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